

**ĐỀ THI TUYỂN SINH ĐẠI HỌC, CAO ĐẲNG NĂM 2008**  
(Đề thi thử 002)

**Chọn phương án (A hoặc B, C, D) ứng với từ có trọng âm chính khác với ba từ còn lại trong mỗi câu sau:**

- |                         |                 |                |                |
|-------------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Câu 1: A. possible      | B. permission   | C. imagine     | D. enormous    |
| Câu 2: A. disappearance | B. expectation  | C. intensity   | D. scientific  |
| Câu 3: A. originally    | B. mysteriously | C. elaborately | D. necessarily |
| Câu 4: A. behind        | B. under        | C. above       | D. toward      |
| Câu 5: A. discover      | B. activate     | C. terrify     | D. normally    |

**Chọn phương án đúng (A hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn thành mỗi câu sau:**

- Câu 6: She had changed so much that \_\_\_\_\_ anyone recognised her.  
A. almost                      B. not                      C. nearly                      D. hardly
- Câu 7: Would you like a beer? – Not while I'm \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. in the act                      B. in order                      C. on duty                      D. under control
- Câu 8: Their house is \_\_\_\_\_ near the Cathedral.  
A. somewhere                      B. anywhere                      C. anyplace                      D. whereabouts
- Câu 9: I'm sorry I \_\_\_\_\_ your party. I was away at the time.  
A. lost                      B. failed                      C. passed                      D. missed
- Câu 10: Your room is a mess! \_\_\_\_\_ it up at once.  
A. Arrange                      B. Make                      C. Tidy                      D. Do
- Câu 11: She loves London, \_\_\_\_\_ in the spring.  
A. specially                      B. especially                      C. most                      D. mostly
- Câu 12: The football team won partly because they had been well trained by their \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. teacher                      B. coach                      C. director                      D. instructor
- Câu 13: Everyone \_\_\_\_\_ Tom was invited to the party.  
A. as                      B. from                      C. but                      D. for
- Câu 14: Many scientists are sure there is \_\_\_\_\_ on other planets.  
A. people                      B. creature                      C. life                      D. existence
- Câu 15: If you \_\_\_\_\_ to my advice in the first place, you wouldn't be in this mess now.  
A. listen                      B. had listened                      C. will listen                      D. listened
- Câu 16: I don't think he will ever get \_\_\_\_\_ the shock of his father's death.  
A. by                      B. off                      C. over                      D. through
- Câu 17: We have decided to \_\_\_\_\_ the money for the local secondary school.  
A. beg                      B. collect                      C. raise                      D. rise
- Câu 18: Have a good flight and remember to give me a \_\_\_\_\_ as soon as you arrive.  
A. ring                      B. call                      C. touch                      D. phone
- Câu 19: He was \_\_\_\_\_ speaker.  
A. so a good                      B. how good a                      C. so good a                      D. what a good
- Câu 20: The cost of the material is \_\_\_\_\_ in the bill for the work.  
A. includes                      B. include                      C. including                      D. included
- Câu 21: She didn't get \_\_\_\_\_ well with her boss, so she left the company.  
A. at                      B. through                      C. up                      D. on
- Câu 22: Max is not a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ drinker but he likes a glass of wine occasionally.  
A. addict                      B. heavy                      C. drunk                      D. obsessed
- Câu 23: I'd rather you \_\_\_\_\_ smoke in here.  
A. don't                      B. shouldn't                      C. didn't                      D. not
- Câu 24: Don't phone me between 8.00 and 9.00. I shall \_\_\_\_\_ then.  
A. study                      B. be studying                      C. be studied                      D. have studied
- Câu 25: The flat is decorated in a \_\_\_\_\_ combination of colours.  
A. tasteful                      B. sweet                      C. delicious                      D. tasty

**Chọn phương án đúng (A hoặc B, C, D) để hoàn thành mỗi câu sau:**

- Câu 26: In Africa, summer starts in the middle of December, \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. while in Europe, the season begins in mid-June  
B. when vast stretches of land were covered with snow  
C. but they're going to change this system to be like the rest of the world  
D. however the inhabitants don't have much opportunity to take advantage of this
- Câu 27: \_\_\_\_\_, but I'd guess he must be about sixty.  
A. I'll phone the company to ask about the price                      B. I don't remember how much it costs  
C. Frank was horrified to see he was only eight kilos                      D. I don't know exactly how old his father is
- Câu 28: \_\_\_\_\_, which has a wonderful view of the harbour.

- A. They serve specialities of Turkish cuisine  
 C. I'll show you how to drive it on our way home  
 Câu 29: The world's highest peak, \_\_\_\_\_, is in the Himalayas.  
 A. being Mount Everest  
 C. Mount Everest  
 B. Whenever I'm free, I climb up Shooter Hill  
 D. Jason has lived in the same house for 10 years  
 B. it is Mount Everest  
 D. this is Mount Everest

- Câu 30: \_\_\_\_\_, Barbara was appointed to district manager.  
 A. how remarkable it seems  
 C. how it seems remarkable  
 B. how seems it remarkable  
 D. how it remarkable seems

**Chọn phương án (A hoặc B, C, D) ứng với câu có nghĩa gần nhất với mỗi câu cho sẵn sau đây:**

- Câu 31: Christine suggested getting a new lock for the front door.  
 A. Christine suggested to get a new lock for the front door.  
 B. It's necessary for Christine to have a new lock.  
 C. Christine said, "Why don't you get a new front door lock?"  
 D. Christine to have a new lock.  
 Câu 32: This is the first time I have lived in a city with a high crime rate.  
 A. I am very afraid to living in a city with a high crime rate.  
 B. I am very afraid of living in a city with a high crime rate.  
 C. I am not used to living in a city with a high crime rate.  
 D. I don't like to live in such a high crime rate.  
 Câu 33: "John shouldn't have behaved so badly," said Janet.  
 A. Janet doesn't like John's behaviour.  
 C. Janet objected to John's bad behaviour.  
 B. Janet dislikes John.  
 D. Janet was angry with John..  
 Câu 34: I was astonished that she didn't pass her exam.  
 A. That she failed in her exam astonished me.  
 C. I was astonished that she did pass her exam.  
 B. I was astonished that her exam is not over.  
 D. She didn't pass her exam, which astonished her.  
 Câu 35: No sooner had they found her number than they called her.  
 A. They called her as soon as they found her number.  
 B. They found her number sooner or later.  
 C. They called her number sooner or later.  
 D. They found her number as soon as they called her.

**Chọn phương án (A hoặc B, C, D) ứng với từ/cụm từ có gạch chân cần phải sửa trong các câu sau:**

- Câu 36: When there are low sales, companies often decide developing new products.  
 A B C D  
 Câu 37: Can you please not talk so aloud because I can assure you I'm not really deaf?  
 A B C D  
 Câu 38: A police car arrived and an angry-looking police officer got off the car and came up to me.  
 A B C D  
 Câu 39: I would rather not discuss the matter now but I'll say about it later.  
 A B C D  
 Câu 40: The longer you delay making a decision, the worst the consequences will be.  
 A B C D

**Đọc kỹ đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án đúng (A hoặc B, C, D) cho mỗi câu từ 41 đến 50:**

Smallpox was the first widespread disease to be eliminated by human intervention. In May, 1966, the World Health Organization (WHO), an agency of the United Nations was authorized to initiate a global campaign to eradicate smallpox. The goal was to eliminate the disease in one decade. At the time, the disease posed a serious **threat** to people in more than thirty nations. Because similar projects for malaria and yellow fever had failed, few believed that smallpox could actually be eradicated but eleven years after the initial organization of the campaign, no cases were reported in the field.

The strategy was not only to provide mass vaccinations but also to isolate patients with active smallpox in order to contain the spread of the disease and to break the chain of human transmission. Rewards for reporting smallpox assisted in motivating removed from contact with others and treated. At the same time, the entire village where the victim had lived was vaccinated.

By April of 1978 WHO officials announced that **they** had **isolated** the last known case of the disease but health workers continued to search for new cases for additional years to be completely sure. In May, 1980, a formal statement was made to the global community. Today smallpox is no longer a threat to humanity. Routine vaccinations have been stopped worldwide.

- Câu 41: Which of the following is the best title for the passage?  
 A. The World Health Organization  
 C. The Eradication of Smallpox  
 B. Smallpox Vaccinations  
 D. Infectious Disease  
 Câu 42: The word "**threat**" in line 4 could best be replaced by

- A. debate                      B. humiliation                      C. bother                      D. risk
- Câu 43: What was the goal of the campaign against smallpox?  
 A. to eliminate smallpox worldwide in ten years  
 B. to decrease the spread of smallpox worldwide  
 C. to provide mass vaccinations against smallpox worldwide  
 D. to initiate worldwide projects for smallpox, malaria and yellow fever at the same time
- Câu 44: According to the passage, what was the strategy used to eliminate the spread of smallpox?  
 A. Vaccinations of entire villages                      B. Treatments of individual victims  
 C. Isolation of victims and mass vaccinations                      D. Extensive reporting of outbreak
- Câu 45: The word **"isolated"** in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to  
 A. separated                      B. restored                      C. attended                      D. located
- Câu 46: How was the public motivated to help health workers?  
 A. By educating them                      B. By rewarding them for reporting cases  
 C. By isolating them from others                      D. By giving them vaccination
- Câu 47: The word **"they"** in paragraph 3 refers to  
 A. officials                      B. health workers                      C. victims                      D. cases
- Câu 48: Which statement does not refer to smallpox?  
 A. People are no longer vaccinated for it  
 B. It was a serious threat  
 C. Previous projects had failed  
 D. WHO mounted a worldwide campaign to eradicate the disease
- Câu 49: It can be inferred that  
 A. no new cases of smallpox have been reported this year.  
 B. malaria and yellow fever have been eliminated.  
 C. smallpox victims no longer die when they contact the disease.  
 D. smallpox is not transmitted from one person to another.
- Câu 50: When was the formal announcement made that smallpox had been eradicated?  
 A. 1980                      B. 1966                      C. 1978                      D. 1976

**Đọc kỹ đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án đúng (A hoặc B, C, D) cho mỗi câu từ 51 đến 60:**

Alfred Bernhard Nobel, a Swedish inventor and philanthropist, bequeathed most of his vast fortune in trust as a fund from which annual prizes could be awarded to individuals and organizations who had achieved the greatest benefit to humanity in a particular year. Originally, there were six classifications for **outstanding** contributions designated in Nobel's **will**, including chemistry, physics, physiology or medicine, literature and international peace.

The prizes are administered by the Nobel Foundation in Stockholm. In 1969, a prize for economics endowed by the Central Bank of Sweden was added. Candidates for the prizes must be nominated in writing a qualified authority in the field of competition. Recipients in physics, chemistry, and economics are selected by the Royal Swedish Academy of Sciences; and physiology or medicine by the Caroline Institute; in literature by the Swedish Academy; and in peace by the Norwegian Nobel Committee appointed by Norway's parliament. The prizes are usually in Stockholm on December 10, with the King of Sweden officiating, an **appropriate** tribute Alfred Nobel on the anniversary of his death. Each **one** includes a gold medal, a diploma, and a cash award of about one million dollars.

- Câu 51: What does this passage mainly discuss?  
 A. The Nobel prizes                      B. Alfred Bernhard Nobel  
 C. Swedish philanthropy                      D. Great contributions to mankind
- Câu 52: Why were the prizes named for Alfred Bernhard Nobel?  
 A. He won the first Nobel prize for his work in philanthropy  
 B. He is now living in Sweden  
 C. He left money in his will to establish a fund for the prizes  
 D. He serves as chairman of the committee to choose the recipients
- Câu 53: How often are the Nobel prizes awarded?  
 A. Five times a year                      B. Once every two years                      C. Once a year                      D. Twice a year
- Câu 54: The word **"outstanding"** in line 3 most closely means \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. recent                      B. exceptional                      C. unusual                      D. established
- Câu 55: The word **"will"** in line 4 could best be replaced by \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. Nobel's wishes                      B. a legal document                      C. a future intention                      D. a free choice
- Câu 56: A Nobel prize would **NOT** be given to \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. an author who wrote a novel                      B. a doctor who discovered a vaccine  
 C. a diplomat who negotiated a peace                      D. a composer who wrote a symphony
- Câu 57: The word "one" in paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. tribute                      B. anniversary                      C. candidate                      D. prize

- Câu 58: The word "appropriate" in the passage most closely means \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. prestigious      B. suitable      C. customary      D. transitory
- Câu 59: Which individual or organization serves as administrator for the trust?  
 A. The King of Sweden      B. The Nobel Foundation  
 C. The Central Bank of Sweden      D. Swedish and Norwegian academies and institutes
- Câu 60: Why are the awards presented on December 10?  
 A. It is a tribute to the King of Sweden.      B. Alfred Bernhard Nobel died on that day.  
 C. That date was established in Alfred Nobel's will.      D. The Central Bank of Sweden administers the trust

**Đọc kỹ đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án đúng (A hoặc B, C, D) cho mỗi chỗ trống từ câu 61 đến câu 70:**

Drugs are one of the (61)\_\_\_\_\_ profession's most valuable tools. Doctors prescribe drugs to (62)\_\_\_\_\_ or prevent many diseases. Every year, penicillin and other (63)\_\_\_\_\_ drugs save the lives of countless victims of pneumonia and other dangerous infectious diseases. Vaccines prevent attacks by such diseases as (64)\_\_\_\_\_, polio, and smallpox. The use of these and many other drugs (65)\_\_\_\_\_ helped millions of people live longer, healthier lives than would (66)\_\_\_\_\_ have been possible.

Almost all our most important drugs, however, were unknown before the 1900's. For example, the sulfa drugs and antibiotics did not come into use (67)\_\_\_\_\_ the late 1930's and early 1940's. Before that time, about 25 percent of all pneumonia victims in the United States died of the disease. The new drugs quickly reduced the (68)\_\_\_\_\_ rate from pneumonia to less than 5 percent. Polio vaccine was introduced in 1955. At that time, polio struck about 30,000 to 50,000 Americans each year. (69)\_\_\_\_\_ 1960, the use of the vaccine has reduced the number of new polio cases to about 3,000 a year. In 1900, most Americans did not live (70)\_\_\_\_\_ the age of 47. Today, Americans live an average of more than 70 years, in great part because of the use of modern drugs.

- |                         |            |              |                |
|-------------------------|------------|--------------|----------------|
| Câu 61: A. medicine     | B. medical | C. health    | D. medic       |
| Câu 62: A. solve        | B. settle  | C. treat     | D. ruin        |
| Câu 63: A. germ-killing | B. helping | C. saving    | D. rescuing    |
| Câu 64: A. AIDS         | B. measles | C. influenza | D. hiccups     |
| Câu 65: A. would have   | B. have    | C. did       | D. has         |
| Câu 66: A. otherwise    | B. even    | C. also      | D. only        |
| Câu 67: A. to           | B. until   | C. onto      | D. upon        |
| Câu 68: A. end          | B. death   | C. ruin      | D. termination |
| Câu 69: A. About        | B. To      | C. By        | D. Prior       |
| Câu 70: A. past         | B. passing | C. well      | D. through     |

**Đọc kỹ đoạn văn sau và chọn phương án đúng (A hoặc B, C, D) cho mỗi chỗ trống từ câu 71 đến câu 80:**

Ever since humans have inhabited the earth, they have made (71)\_\_\_\_\_ of various forms of communication. Generally, this expression of thoughts and feelings has been in the form of oral (72)\_\_\_\_\_. When there is a language (73)\_\_\_\_\_, communication is accomplished through sign language in which motions (74)\_\_\_\_\_ for letters, words, and ideas. Tourists, the deaf, and the mute have had to (75)\_\_\_\_\_ to this form of expression. Many of these symbols of whole words are very picturesque and exact and can be used internationally; spelling, however, cannot.

Body language (76)\_\_\_\_\_ ideas or thoughts by certain actions, either intentionally or unintentionally. A wink can be a way of flirting or indicating that the party is only joking. A nod (77)\_\_\_\_\_ approval, while shaking the head (78)\_\_\_\_\_ a negative reaction.

Other forms of nonlinguistic language can be (79)\_\_\_\_\_ in Braille (a system of raised dots read with the fingertips), signal flags, Morse code, and smoke signals. Road maps and picture signs also guide, warn, and instruct people.

(80)\_\_\_\_\_ verbalization is the most common form of language, other systems and techniques also express human thoughts and feelings.

- |                       |               |               |               |
|-----------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Câu 71: A. usage      | B. use        | C. employment | D. utility    |
| Câu 72: A. speech     | B. address    | C. utterance  | D. claims     |
| Câu 73: A. separation | B. obstacles  | C. divisions  | D. barrier    |
| Câu 74: A. point      | B. stand      | C. imply      | D. signify    |
| Câu 75: A. refer      | B. rotate     | C. resort     | D. revolve    |
| Câu 76: A. transmits  | B. progresses | C. remits     | D. emits      |
| Câu 77: A. registers  | B. signs      | C. signifies  | D. presents   |
| Câu 78: A. predicates | B. indicates  | C. abdicates  | D. implicates |
| Câu 79: A. traced     | B. trailed    | C. explored   | D. found      |
| Câu 80: A. While      | B. As         | C. Because    | D. Until      |

**ĐÁP ÁN ĐỀ THI THỬ TUYỂN SINH ĐẠI HỌC, CAO ĐẲNG NĂM 2008**

**Đề 002**

Câu 1: <b>A</b>	Câu 21: <b>D</b>	Câu 41: <b>C</b>	Câu 61: <b>B</b>
Câu 2: <b>C</b>	Câu 22: <b>B</b>	Câu 42: <b>D</b>	Câu 62: <b>C</b>
Câu 3: <b>D</b>	Câu 23: <b>C</b>	Câu 43: <b>A</b>	Câu 63: <b>A</b>
Câu 4: <b>B</b>	Câu 24: <b>B</b>	Câu 44: <b>C</b>	Câu 64: <b>B</b>
Câu 5: <b>A</b>	Câu 25: <b>A</b>	Câu 45: <b>A</b>	Câu 65: <b>D</b>
Câu 6: <b>D</b>	Câu 26: <b>A</b>	Câu 46: <b>B</b>	Câu 66: <b>A</b>
Câu 7: <b>C</b>	Câu 27: <b>D</b>	Câu 47: <b>A</b>	Câu 67: <b>B</b>
Câu 8: <b>A</b>	Câu 28: <b>B</b>	Câu 48: <b>C</b>	Câu 68: <b>B</b>
Câu 9: <b>D</b>	Câu 29: <b>C</b>	Câu 49: <b>A</b>	Câu 69: <b>C</b>
Câu 10: <b>C</b>	Câu 30: <b>A</b>	Câu 50: <b>A</b>	Câu 70: <b>A</b>
Câu 11: <b>B</b>	Câu 31: <b>C</b>	Câu 51: <b>A</b>	Câu 71: <b>B</b>
Câu 12: <b>B</b>	Câu 32: <b>C</b>	Câu 52: <b>C</b>	Câu 72: <b>A</b>
Câu 13: <b>C</b>	Câu 33: <b>C</b>	Câu 53: <b>C</b>	Câu 73: <b>D</b>
Câu 14: <b>C</b>	Câu 34: <b>A</b>	Câu 54: <b>B</b>	Câu 74: <b>B</b>
Câu 15: <b>B</b>	Câu 35: <b>A</b>	Câu 55: <b>B</b>	Câu 75: <b>C</b>
Câu 16: <b>C</b>	Câu 36: <b>C</b>	Câu 56: <b>D</b>	Câu 76: <b>A</b>
Câu 17: <b>C</b>	Câu 37: <b>C</b>	Câu 57: <b>D</b>	Câu 77: <b>C</b>
Câu 18: <b>A</b>	Câu 38: <b>D</b>	Câu 58: <b>B</b>	Câu 78: <b>B</b>
Câu 19: <b>C</b>	Câu 39: <b>C</b>	Câu 59: <b>B</b>	Câu 79: <b>D</b>
Câu 20: <b>D</b>	Câu 40: <b>C</b>	Câu 60: <b>B</b>	Câu 80: <b>A</b>